

UNITED STATES SECURITIES & EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For Quarterly Period Ended December 31, 2017

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 0-17449

PROCYON CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

COLORADO
(State of Incorporation)

59-3280822
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

1300 S. Highland Ave. Clearwater, FL 33756
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(727) 447-2998
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). YES NO

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:
Common stock, no par value; 8,077,388 shares outstanding as of February 8, 2018.

PART I. - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item	Page
ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	3
Index to Financial Statements	
Financial Statements:	
Consolidated Balance Sheets	3
Consolidated Statements of Operations	4
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	6
ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	10
ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	14

PART II. - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS	15
SIGNATURES	15

PROCYON CORPORATION & SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017

ASSETS	(unaudited) December 31, 2017	(audited) June 30, 2017
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 71,484	\$ 173,173
Certificates of Deposit, plus accrued interest	153,089	102,141
Accounts Receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$566 and \$1,001 respectively.	314,634	391,539
Inventories	606,217	506,719
Prepaid Expenses	251,638	175,206
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,397,062	1,348,778
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, PLUS ACCRUED INTEREST	-	111,669
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET	499,681	513,779
OTHER ASSETS		
Deposits	4,192	4,192
Inventories	70,655	70,655
Intangible Asset	17,000	17,000
Deferred Tax Asset, net valuation allowance of \$108,150 and \$0, respectively	258,297	663,738
	350,144	755,585
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,246,887	\$ 2,729,811
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 148,459	\$ 120,584
Capital Lease Liability	1,894	3,788
Accrued Expenses	175,453	315,829
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	325,806	440,201
CAPITAL LEASE LIABILITY	2,110	2,110
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE I)	-	-
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred Stock, 496,000,000 shares authorized, none issued.	-	-
Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, no par value; 4,000,000 shares authorized; 194,100 shares issued and outstanding.	136,860	136,860
Common Stock, no par value, 80,000,000 shares authorized; 8,077,388 shares issued and outstanding.	4,434,766	4,434,766
Paid-in Capital	15,885	15,885
Accumulated Deficit	(2,668,540)	(2,300,011)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	1,918,971	2,287,500
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 2,246,887	\$ 2,729,811

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PROCYON CORPORATION & SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
Three and Six Months Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

	(unaudited) Three Months Ended Dec. 31, 2017	(unaudited) Three Months Ended Dec. 31, 2016	(unaudited) Six Months Ended Dec. 31, 2017	(unaudited) Six Months Ended Dec. 31, 2016
NET SALES	\$ 1,017,779	\$ 1,039,835	\$ 1,848,850	\$ 1,919,568
COST OF SALES	<u>272,904</u>	<u>312,861</u>	<u>495,732</u>	<u>569,653</u>
GROSS PROFIT	744,875	726,974	1,353,118	1,349,915
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and Benefits	397,645	402,989	729,085	741,253
Selling, General and Administrative	<u>325,807</u>	<u>285,338</u>	<u>587,584</u>	<u>521,128</u>
	723,452	688,327	1,316,669	1,262,381
INCOME / (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	21,423	38,647	36,449	87,534
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)				
Interest Expense	-	(1,081)	-	(2,811)
Interest Income	<u>193</u>	<u>396</u>	<u>462</u>	<u>1,166</u>
	193	(685)	462	(1,645)
INCOME / (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	21,616	37,962	36,911	85,889
INCOME TAX (EXPENSE) / BENEFIT	<u>(398,011)</u>	<u>(15,634)</u>	<u>(405,441)</u>	<u>(34,678)</u>
NET INCOME / (LOSS)	(376,395)	22,328	(368,530)	51,211
Dividend requirements on preferred stock	<u>(4,427)</u>	<u>(4,853)</u>	<u>(8,855)</u>	<u>(9,705)</u>
Basic net income (loss) available to common shares	<u>\$ (380,822)</u>	<u>\$ 17,475</u>	<u>\$ (377,385)</u>	<u>\$ 41,506</u>
Basic net income (loss) per common share	<u>\$ (0.05)</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ (0.05)</u>	<u>\$ 0.01</u>
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	<u>8,077,388</u>	<u>8,060,388</u>	<u>8,077,388</u>	<u>8,060,388</u>
Diluted net income (loss) per common share	<u>\$ (0.05)</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ (0.05)</u>	<u>\$ 0.01</u>
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, diluted	<u>8,077,388</u>	<u>8,264,488</u>	<u>8,077,388</u>	<u>8,274,488</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PROCYON CORPORATION & SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
For the Six Months Ending December 31, 2017 and 2016

	<u>(unaudited)</u> <u>December 31,</u> <u>2017</u>	<u>(unaudited)</u> <u>December 31,</u> <u>2016</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net (Loss) / Income	\$ (368,530)	\$ 51,211
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) / income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	23,472	22,421
Deferred Income Taxes	405,441	34,678
Decrease (increase) in:		
Accounts Receivable	76,905	229,773
Other Receivables	-	75,000
Inventory	(99,498)	183,928
Prepaid Expenses	(76,432)	(66,393)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts Payable	27,877	(235,003)
Accrued Expenses	(140,375)	(147,088)
NET CASH (USED IN) / PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>(151,140)</u>	<u>148,527</u>
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property & equipment	<u>(9,376)</u>	<u>(6,162)</u>
NET CASH (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<u>(9,376)</u>	<u>(6,162)</u>
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Redemption of CD	60,721	79,194
Capital Lease Liability payments	(1,894)	(1,894)
Repayment of Line of Credit	-	(125,000)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY / (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>58,827</u>	<u>(47,700)</u>
NET CHANGE IN CASH	(101,689)	94,665
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	<u>173,173</u>	<u>59,173</u>
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	<u>\$ 71,484</u>	<u>\$ 153,838</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES		
Interest Paid	\$ -	\$ 2,811
Taxes Paid	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The interim consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted as allowed by such rules and regulations. The Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements dated June 30, 2017. The results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the full year.

Management of the Company has prepared the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, which require the use of management estimates, contain all adjustments (including normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the operations and cash flows for the period presented and to make the financial statements not misleading.

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Stock based compensation is accounted for in accordance with Topic 718 - Compensation - Stock Compensation in the Accounting Standards Codification. Pursuant to Topic 718, all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, are to be recognized in the statement of operations based upon their fair values. Topic 718 rescinds the acceptance of pro forma disclosure. In December 2009, our shareholders approved the adoption of a new stock option plan, providing the Company a continued means of offering stock-based compensation.

On December 31, 2017, there were 65,000 outstanding options to purchase shares of our common stock.

The fair value of a stock option is determined using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, which values options based on the stock price at the grant date, the expected life of the option, the estimated volatility of the stock, the expected dividend payments, and the risk-free interest rate over the life of the option. There were no options granted during the quarter ended December 31, 2017.

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for estimating the fair value of traded options that have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. Because option valuation models require the use of subjective assumptions, changes in these assumptions can materially affect the fair value of the options. Our options do not have the characteristics of traded options, therefore, the option valuation models do not necessarily provide a reliable measure of the fair value of our options.

EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share (EPS) is computed by dividing income available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that would occur if dilutive securities such as stock options and other contracts to issue Common Stock were exercised or converted into Common Stock or resulted in the issuance of Common Stock that then shared in earnings. We use the treasury stock method to compute potential common shares from stock options and the as-if-converted method to compute potential common shares from Preferred Stock.

For the six months ended December 31, 2017, the potential dilutive effects of the preferred stock and stock options were excluded in the weighted-average shares outstanding, as the shares would have an anti-dilutive effect on the loss from continuing operations.

NOTE B - INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following:	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Finished Goods	\$ 484,413	\$ 384,350
Raw Materials	192,459	193,024
	<u>\$ 676,872</u>	<u>\$ 577,374</u>

At December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, \$70,655 of our inventory was considered non-current as it will not be used within a one year period.

NOTE C - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

During January 1995, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the issuance of up to 4,000,000 shares of Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred Stock"). The preferred stockholders are entitled to receive, as and if declared by the board of directors, quarterly dividends at an annual rate of \$.10 per share of Series A Preferred Stock per annum. Dividends will accrue without interest and will be cumulative from the date of issuance of the Series A Preferred Stock and will be payable quarterly in arrears in cash or publicly traded common stock when and if declared by the Board of Directors. As of December 31, 2017, no dividends have been declared. Dividends in arrears on the outstanding preferred shares total \$366,281 as of December 31, 2017.

Holders of the Preferred Stock have the right to convert their shares of Preferred Stock into an equal number of shares of Common Stock of the Company. In addition, Preferred Stock holders have the right to vote the number of shares into which their shares are convertible into Common Stock. Such preferred shares will automatically convert into one share of Common Stock at the close of a public offering of Common Stock by the Company provided the Company receives gross proceeds of at least \$1,000,000, and the initial offering price of the Common Stock sold in such offering is equal to or in excess of \$1 per share. The Company is obligated to reserve an adequate number of shares of its common stock to satisfy the conversion of all the outstanding Series A Preferred Stock. There were no shares converted during the reporting period. So long as any share of Series A Preferred Stock is outstanding, the Company is prohibited from declaring dividends or other distributions related to its Common Stock or purchasing, redeeming or otherwise acquiring any of the Common Stock.

NOTE D - INCOME TAXES AND AVAILABLE CARRYFORWARD

As of December 31, 2017, the Company had consolidated income tax net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards for federal income tax purposes of approximately \$1,695,000. The NOL will expire in various years

ending through the year 2035. The utilization of certain loss carryforwards are limited under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code.

The components of the provision for income tax expense attributable to continuing operations are as follows:

	Six Months 12/31/2017	Six Months 12/31/2016
Current		
Federal	\$ 0	\$ 0
State	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
	\$ 0	\$ 0
Deferred		
Federal	\$ (355,330)	\$ (29,610)
State	<u>(50,111)</u>	<u>(5,068)</u>
	<u>\$ (405,441)</u>	<u>\$ (34,678)</u>
Total Income Tax (Expense)	<u>\$ (405,441)</u>	<u>\$ (34,678)</u>

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	<u>Non-Current</u>
Deferred tax assets	
NOL and contribution carryforwards	\$ 361,755
Accrued compensated absences	7,153
Allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>181</u>
Total deferred tax assets	369,089
Deferred tax (liabilities)	
Excess of tax over book depreciation	<u>(2,642)</u>
Total deferred tax (liabilities)	(2,642)
Total deferred tax asset	\$ 366,447
Valuation Allowance	<u>\$ (108,150)</u>

Net deferred tax asset	\$	<u>258,297</u>
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The change in valuation allowance is as follows:

December 31, 2017	\$	(108,150)
June 30, 2017		<u>0</u>
	\$	<u>(108,150)</u>

Management believes it is more likely than not that the tax benefit of approximately \$338,000 of NOL carryforwards will not be realized because management estimates that they will expire prior to their utilization. Therefore, management provided a valuation allowance of \$108,150 against its deferred tax asset. Management will continue to evaluate its operating results each reporting period and assess whether it will be able to utilize all available NOL carryforwards before expiration.

During the six months ended December 31, 2017, the Company revised its estimated annual effective rate to reflect a change in the federal statutory rate from 35% to 21%, resulting from legislation that was enacted on December 22, 2017. The rate change is administratively effective at the beginning of our fiscal year, using a blended rate for the annual period. As a result, the blended statutory tax rate for the year is 28.06%. As a result, income tax expense reported for the first six months was adjusted to reflect the effects of the change in the tax law and resulted in an increase in income tax expense of \$282,782 for the six months ended December 31, 2017 from application of the newly enacted rates to existing deferred balances.

The accounting for the effects of the rate change on deferred tax balances is complete and no provisional amounts were recorded for this item.

Income taxes for the six months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 differ from the amounts computed by applying the effective income tax rate of 32.01% and 37.63%, respectively, to income before income taxes as a result of the following:

	<u>Six Months December 31, 2017</u>	<u>Six Months December 31, 2016</u>
Expected (provision) at US statutory rate	\$ (10,356)	\$ (29,202)
State income tax net of federal (provision)	(1,461)	(3,118)
Nondeductible Expense	(2,692)	(2,358)
Change in valuation allowance	\$ (108,150)	-
Effect of remeasurement due to tax reform	<u>\$ (282,782)</u>	<u>-</u>
Income Tax (Expense)	<u>\$ (405,441)</u>	<u>\$ (34,678)</u>

The earliest tax year still subject to examination by a major taxing jurisdiction is fiscal year end June 30, 2015.

The Company performed a review of its uncertain tax positions in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ASC 740-10 "*Uncertainty in Income Taxes*". In this regard, an uncertain tax position represents the Company's expected treatment of a tax position taken in a filed tax return, or planned to be taken in a future tax

return, that has not been reflected in measuring income tax expense for financial reporting purposes. As a result of this review, the Company concluded that at this time there are no uncertain tax positions, and there has been no cumulative effect on retained earnings.

NOTE E - LINE OF CREDIT

The Company has a \$250,000, due-on-demand line of credit with a financial institution, collateralized by the Company's inventory of \$676,872 and net accounts receivable assets of \$314,634. The line of credit is renewable annually in April. Our Chairman of the Board personally guaranteed the line of credit to the Company. At December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, the Company owed \$0, on the line of credit. The line of credit extends terms of cash advances at a variable rate set equal to the prime rate at the time of advance. The interest rate can fluctuate according to the changes in its published prime rate.

NOTE F - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Our Chairman of the Board , Regina W. Anderson, guarantees a \$250,000 line of credit for the Company.

NOTE G - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

We have evaluated subsequent events through February 12, 2018, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE H - RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-09, Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting, which clarifies when to account for a change to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award as a modification. Under the new guidance, modification accounting is required only if the fair value, the vesting conditions, or the classification of the award (as equity or liability) changes as a result of the change in terms or conditions. It is effective prospectively for the annual period ending June 30, 2019 and interim periods within that annual period. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that ASU No. 2017-09 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases, related to the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities. The new guidance requires lessees to recognize almost all leases on their balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, other than leases that meet the definition of a short-term lease, and requires expanded disclosures about leasing arrangements. The recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee have not significantly changed from the current guidance. Lessor accounting is similar to the current guidance, but updated to align with certain changes to the lessee model and the new revenue recognition standard. The new guidance is effective for the Company on July 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that ASU No. 2016-02 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

On November 20, 2015, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2015-17, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes. Under the ASU, all deferred tax assets and liabilities, as well any valuation allowances, will be netted and presented in a classified balance sheet as one noncurrent amount. ASU No. 2015-17 becomes effective for public entities for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and for interim periods within those annual periods. The Company applied this standard on a retrospective basis and the balance sheet at June 30, 2017, has been adjusted to conform to this new presentation by combining the current deferred tax asset of \$242,841 to the non-current deferred tax asset of \$420,897, resulting in a non-

current deferred asset of \$663,738.

On May 28, 2014, the FASB completed its Revenue Recognition project by issuing Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The new guidance establishes the principles to report useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, timing, and uncertainty of revenue from contracts with customers. The new guidance on revenue recognition is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

General

You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with the unaudited Condensed Financial Statements and Notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report.

This Report on Form 10-Q, including Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, contains forward-looking statements. When used in this report, the words "may," "will," "expect," "anticipate," "continue," "estimate," "project," "intend," "hope," "believe" and similar expressions, variations of these words or the negative of those words, and, any statement regarding possible or assumed future results of operations of the Company's business, the markets for its products, anticipated expenditures, regulatory developments or competition, or other statements regarding matters that are not historical facts, are intended to identify forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 regarding events, conditions and financial trends including, without limitation, business conditions in the skin and wound care market and the general economy, competitive factors, changes in product mix, production delays, product recalls, manufacturing capabilities, and other risks or uncertainties detailed in other of the Company's Securities and Exchange Commission filings. Such statements are based on management's current expectations and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, the Company's actual plan of operations, business strategy, operating results and financial position could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, such forward-looking statements.

Recent Developments

In January 2017, Amerx expanded its product line by introducing wound care kits in various sizes and formats to fit specific needs. The new kits include Helix3 collagen kits, Amerx Brand Calcium Alginate kits, Hydrocolloid kits, Bordered Gauze kits, Foam kits and Hydrogel Kits. All of these new kits are focused on wound care.

In fiscal 2017, Amerx further expanded its product line to include a new segment of the wound care market by introducing the EXTREMIT-EASE® Compression Garment line, a patent-pending product. These new products have demonstrated early success and product expansion has made it possible for Amerx to have success in providing treatments outside its historical niche. Amerx looks to continue this new product trend in fiscal 2018.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The Company's condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), which require the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and the related

disclosures. A summary of those significant accounting policies can be found in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's annual report on form 10-K, for the year ended June 30, 2017, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 12, 2017. The estimates used by management are based upon the Company's historical experiences combined with management's understanding of current facts and circumstances. Certain of the Company's accounting policies are considered critical as they are both important to the portrayal of the Company's financial condition and the results of its operations and require significant or complex judgments on the part of management. We believe that the following critical accounting policies affect the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

Accounts Receivable Allowance

Accounts receivable allowance reflects a reserve that reduces our customer accounts and receivable to the net amount estimated to be collectible. The valuation of accounts receivable is based upon the credit-worthiness of customers and third-party payers as well as historical collection experience. Allowances for doubtful accounts are recorded as a selling, general and administrative expense for estimated amounts expected to be uncollectible from third-party payers and customers. The Company bases its estimates on its historical collection experience, current trends, credit policy and on the analysis of accounts by aging category. At December 31, 2017, and June 30, 2017, our allowance for doubtful accounts totaled \$566 and \$1,001, respectively.

Advertising and Marketing

The Company uses several forms of advertising, including sponsorships to agencies who represent the professionals in their respective fields. The Company expenses these sponsorships over the term of the advertising arrangements on a straight line basis. Other forms of advertising used by the Company include professional journal advertisements, distributor catalogs, website and mailing campaigns. These forms of advertising are expensed when incurred.

Deferred Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes are recognized for the expected tax consequences in future years for differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts, based upon enacted tax laws and statutory tax rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. The Company accounts for income taxes under Topic 740 - Income Tax in the Accounting Standards Codification. A valuation allowance is used to reduce deferred tax assets to the net amount expected to be recovered in future periods. The estimates for deferred tax assets and the corresponding valuation allowance require us to exercise complex judgments. We periodically review and adjust those estimates based upon the most current information available. We booked a valuation allowance of \$108,150 as of December 31, 2017. Because the recoverability of deferred tax assets is directly dependent upon future operating results, actual recoverability of deferred tax assets may differ materially from our estimates.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB) release of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) which requires that five basic criteria must be met before revenue can be recognized: (1) identify the contract with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity

satisfies a performance obligation.

Stock Based Compensation

Stock based compensation is accounted for in accordance with Topic 718 - Compensation - Stock Compensation in the Accounting Standards Codification. All share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, are to be recognized in the statement of operations based upon their fair values. Topic 718 rescinds the acceptance of pro forma disclosure.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

As of December 31, 2017 the Company's principal sources of liquid assets included cash of \$71,484, inventories of \$676,872, and net accounts receivable of \$314,634. The Company also has \$153,089 in Certificate of Deposits. The Company had net working capital of \$1,070,309, and long-term debt of \$2,110 at December 31, 2017.

During the six months ended December 31, 2017 cash decreased from \$173,173 as of June 30, 2017, to \$71,484. Operating activities used cash of \$151,140 during the period. The change is primarily the result of reduction of accrued expenses. Other factors in cash used in operating activities came from the adjustment of the NOL carryforward which was offset in Net Income.

The Company reflected a non-current deferred tax asset of \$258,297, at December 31, 2017. Because the recoverability of deferred tax assets is directly dependent upon future operating results, actual recoverability of deferred tax assets may differ materially from our estimates.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of the three and six months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Net Sales during the quarter ended December 31, 2017, were \$1,017,779 as compared to the previous year's quarter net sales of \$1,039,835, a decrease of \$22,056, or approximately 2%. Net Sales during the six months ended December 31, 2017, were \$1,848,850 as compared to the previous year's period net sales of \$1,919,568, a decrease of \$70,718, or approximately 4%. We believe sales were affected by a shift in distributor purchasing trends and increased competition in the marketplace.

Gross profit during the quarter ended December 31, 2017, was \$744,875 as compared to \$726,974 during the quarter ended December 31, 2016, an increase of \$17,901 or 2%. As a percentage of net sales, gross profit was approximately 73% in the quarter ended December 31, 2017, and approximately 70% in the corresponding quarter in 2016. Gross profit during the six months ended December 31, 2017, was \$1,353,118 as compared to \$1,349,915 during the six months ended December 31, 2016, an increase of \$3,203 or less than 1%. As a percentage of net sales, gross profit was approximately 73% in the six months ended December 31, 2017, and approximately 70% in the corresponding period in 2016, secondary to a reduction in Cost of Revenue.

Operating expenses during the quarter ended December 31, 2017 were \$723,452, consisting of \$397,645 in salaries and benefits and \$325,807 in selling, general and administrative expenses. This compares to operating expenses during the quarter ended December 31, 2016 of \$688,327, consisting of \$402,989 in salaries and benefits; and \$285,338 in selling, general and administrative expenses. Expenses for the quarter ended December 31, 2017, increased by \$35,125 or approximately 5% compared to the corresponding quarter in 2016. Operating expenses during the six months December 31, 2017 were \$1,316,669, consisting of \$729,085 in salaries and benefits and

\$587,584 in selling, general and administrative expenses. This compares to operating expenses during the six months ended December 31, 2016 of \$1,262,381, consisting of \$741,253 in salaries and benefits; and \$521,128 in selling, general and administrative expenses. Expenses for the six months ended December 31, 2017, increased by \$54,288 or approximately 4% compared to the corresponding six months in 2016. Increases in selling, general and administrative expenses in both three and six month periods of 2017, were a direct result of increased marketing to promote new products.

Operating profit decreased by \$17,224 to an operating profit of \$21,423 for the quarter ended December 31, 2017, as compared to an operating profit of \$38,647 in the comparable quarter of the prior year. The decrease in net income for the three month period, of the comparable quarter of the prior year before income taxes, was primarily attributable to the increase in operating expenses. Operating profit decreased by \$51,085 to an operating profit of \$36,449 for the six months ended December 31, 2017, as compared to an operating profit of \$87,534 in the comparable six months of the prior year. The decrease in net income for the six month period, of the comparable period of the prior year before income taxes, was primarily attributable to the increase in operating expenses.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management of the Company, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, management, including the Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officer, has concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective in ensuring that all material information relating to the Company required to be disclosed in this report has been made known to management in a timely manner and ensuring that this information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and regulations, because of the identification of a material weakness in our internal controls over financial reporting, identified below, which we view as an integral part of our disclosure controls and procedures.

(b) Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

As previously reported, our annual assessment of the internal controls over financial reporting as of June 30, 2017 revealed a deficiency that we consider to be a material weakness: inadequate segregation of duties consistent with control objectives.

During fiscal 2018, the Company will continue to address changes needed to improve segregation of duties consistent with control objectives. We have added staff to grow sales. We expect that increased sales will enable us to add support staff, specifically in the accounting and shipping departments. A secondary effect of adding more staff will address needed improvements in segregation of duties consistent with control objectives.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(A) EXHIBITS

- | | |
|------|--|
| 31.1 | Certification of Justice W. Anderson pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) |
| 31.2 | Certification of James B. Anderson pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) |

- 32.1 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002
- 101.1* The following materials from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2017, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Balance Sheets, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (iv) the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

* Furnished, not filed

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, there unto duly authorized.

February 14, 2018
Date

PROCYON CORPORATION
By: /s/ JUSTICE W. ANDERSON
Justice W. Anderson, Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION

I, Justice W. Anderson, Chief Executive Officer of Procyon Corporation, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Procyon Corporation
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report.
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant issuer and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 14, 2018

/s/ JUSTICE W. ANDERSON
Justice W. Anderson, Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION

I, James B. Anderson, Chief Financial Officer of Procyon Corporation, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Procyon Corporation
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to stated material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report; and
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report.
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant issuer and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 14, 2018

/s/ JAMES B. ANDERSON

James B. Anderson, Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. §1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Procyon Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended December 31, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we, the undersigned Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, do each certify, to our knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Dated: February 14, 2018

/s/ JUSTICE W. ANDERSON
Justice W. Anderson, Chief Executive Officer

/s/ JAMES B. ANDERSON
James B. Anderson, Chief Financial Officer